

IN THE CLAIMS:

Please amend the claims as follows (complete listing of claims with markups according to Revised Format):

1. (previously presented) A device for fluid cooled channeled heat exchange comprising:
  - a. a flat plate heat exchanger, wherein the flat plate heat exchanger comprises a top plate and a base plate coupled together; and
  - b. a plurality of fins coupled to the top plate;wherein the base plate comprises:
  - i. fluid inlet configured to receive flow of a fluid in a heated state therethrough;
  - ii. a plurality of channels coupled to the fluid inlet and configured to receive and to cool the fluid;
  - iii. a first plurality of separate sealed gaps coupled in between the plurality of channels, wherein the separate sealed gaps are not traversed by the fluid; and
  - iv. a fluid outlet coupled to the plurality of channels and configured to receive the cooled fluid and to allow the cooled fluid to exit the device.
- 1 2. (original) The device of claim 1, wherein the device further comprises a second plurality  
2 of fins coupled to the base plate.
- 1 3. (canceled)
- 1 4. (previously presented) The device of claim 1, wherein the first plurality of separate  
2 sealed gaps are filled with a gas.
- 1 5. (previously presented) The device of claim 1, wherein the device further comprises a  
2 second plurality of separate sealed gaps coupled in between the fluid inlet and the  
3 plurality of channels, wherein the separate sealed gaps are not traversed by the fluid.
- 1 6. (original) The device of claim 5, wherein the second plurality of separate sealed gaps are  
2 filled with a gas.

- 1 7. (previously presented) The device of claim 1, wherein the device further comprises a  
2 third plurality of separate sealed gaps coupled in between the fluid outlet and the plurality  
3 of channels, wherein the separate sealed gaps are not traversed by the fluid.
- 1 8. (original) The device of claim 7, wherein the third plurality of separate sealed gaps are  
2 filled with a gas.
- 1 9. (original) The device of claim 1, wherein the device is coupled to heat source.
- 1 10. (original) The device of claim 9, wherein the heat source is a microprocessor.
- 1 11. (original) The device of claim 1, wherein the device is coupled to a pump.
- 1 12. (original) The device of claim 1, wherein the plurality of channels comprise condensers  
2 configured to condense the fluid.
- 1 13. (original) The device of claim 1, wherein the plurality of channels further comprise pins,  
2 wherein the pins protrude from and are perpendicular to the surface of the base plate.
- 1 14. (original) The device of claim 1, wherein the fluid inlet, the plurality of channels, and  
2 the fluid outlet are in a radial configuration.
- 1 15. (original) The device of claim 1, wherein the fluid inlet, the plurality of channels, and  
2 the fluid outlet are in a spiral configuration.
- 1 16. (original) The device of claim 1, wherein the fluid inlet, the plurality of channels, and  
2 the fluid outlet are in an angular configuration.
- 1 17. (original) The device of claim 1, wherein the fluid inlet, the plurality of channels, and  
2 the fluid outlet are in a parallel configuration.
- 1 18. (original) The device of claim 1, wherein the fluid inlet, the plurality of channels, and  
2 the fluid outlet are in a serpentine configuration.

- 1 19. (original) The device of claim 1, wherein the device is in a monolithic configuration.
- 1 20. (original) The device of claim 1, wherein the device further comprises a conductive fluid  
2 proof barrier, wherein the barrier is interposed between the base plate and the top plate.
- 1 21. (previously presented) The device of claim 1, wherein the plurality of fins are coupled  
2 with the top plate and the second plurality of fins are coupled with the base plate by a  
3 eutectic bonding method.
- 1 22. (previously presented) The device of claim 1, wherein the plurality of fins are coupled  
2 with the top plate and the second plurality of fins are coupled with the base plate by an  
3 adhesive bonding method.
- 1 23. (previously presented) The device of claim 1, wherein the plurality of fins are coupled  
2 with the top plate and the second plurality of fins are coupled with the base plate by a  
3 brazing method.
- 1 24. (previously presented) The device of claim 1, wherein the plurality of fins are coupled  
2 with the top plate and the second plurality of fins are coupled with the base plate by a  
3 welding method.
- 1 25. (previously presented) The device of claim 1, wherein the plurality of fins are coupled  
2 with the top plate and the second plurality of fins are coupled with the base plate by a  
3 soldering method.
- 1 26. (previously presented) The device of claim 1, wherein the plurality of fins are coupled  
2 with the top plate and the second plurality of fins are coupled with the base plate by an  
3 epoxy.
- 1 27. (original) The device of claim 1, wherein the flat plate heat exchanger comprises a  
2 material with a thermal conductivity value larger than 150 W/m-K.
- 1 28. (original) The device of claim 1, wherein the flat plate heat exchanger comprises copper.

- 1 29. (original) The device of claim 1, wherein the flat plate heat exchanger comprises  
2 aluminum.
- 1 30. (original) The device of claim 1, wherein the fluid outlet and the plurality of channels  
2 comprise precision machined metals.
- 1 31. (original) The device of claim 1, wherein the fluid outlet and the plurality of channels  
2 comprise precision machined alloys.
- 1 32. (original) The device of claim 1, wherein the plurality of fins comprise aluminum.
- 1 33. (original) The device of claim 1, wherein the fluid is selected from one of a liquid and a  
2 combination of a liquid and a vapor.
- 1 34. (original) The device of claim 1, wherein the fluid is comprised from the group  
2 comprising of water, ethylene glycol, isopropyl alcohol, ethanol, methanol, and hydrogen  
3 peroxide.
- 1 35. (original) A device for two phase fluid cooled channeled heat exchange comprising:  
2 a. a flat plate heat exchanger, wherein the flat plate heat exchanger comprises a top  
3 plate and a base plate coupled together, and the base plate comprises:  
4 i. a single phase region comprising a plurality of two phase channels  
5 configured to permit flow of a fluid therethrough, along a first axis;  
6 ii. a condensation region comprising a plurality of condenser channels  
7 coupled to the plurality of two phase channels, and configured to permit  
8 flow of the fluid therethrough, along a second axis not parallel to the first  
9 axis; and  
10 b. a first plurality of fins coupled to the top plate of the flat plate heat exchanger.
- 1 36. (original) The device of claim 35, wherein the device further comprises a plurality of  
2 separate sealed gaps coupled in between the single phase region and the condensation  
3 region, wherein the separate sealed gaps are filled with a gas.
- 1 37. (original) The device of claim 35, wherein the device further comprises a second single

2 phase region comprising a plurality of single phase channels coupled to the plurality of  
3 condenser channels and configured to permit flow of a fluid therethrough, along the first  
4 axis.

1 38. (original) The device of claim 35, wherein the plurality of two phase channels and the  
2 plurality of condenser channels are in a serpentine configuration.

1 39. (original) The device of claim 35, wherein the device further comprises a second  
2 plurality of fins coupled to the base plate of the flat plate heat exchanger.

1 40. (original) The device of claim 35, wherein the device is coupled to a heat source.

1 41. (original) The device of claim 40, wherein the heat source is a microprocessor.

1 42. (original) The device of claim 35, wherein the fluid is selected from one of a liquid and  
2 a combination of a liquid and a vapor.

1 43. (original) The device of claim 35, wherein the fluid is comprised from the group  
2 comprising of water, ethylene glycol, isopropyl alcohol, ethanol, methanol, and hydrogen  
3 peroxide.

1 44. (original) The device of claim 35, wherein the fluid comprises water.

1 45. (original) The device of claim 35, wherein the flat plate heat exchanger comprises  
2 copper.

1 46. (original) The device of claim 35, wherein the plurality of fins comprise aluminum.

1 47. (canceled)

1 48. (currently amended) A system for heat exchange comprising:

2 a. one or more fluid channel heat exchangers each comprising at least two separate  
3 fluid paths configured to permit flow of a fluid therethrough and including:

4 i. a plurality of non-uniform fluid channels configured to permit flow of the

- 5                    fluid therethrough; and,  
6            ii.    a plurality of separate sealed gaps coupled in between the plurality of non-  
7            uniform channels and configured not to permit flow of the fluid  
8            therethrough; and,  
9            b.    one or more pumps configured to circulate the fluid to and from the one or more  
10           fluid channel heat exchangers.

1    49.    (original) The system for heat exchange of claim 48, wherein the system further  
2           comprises a plurality of heat sources.

1    50.    (original) The system for heat exchange of claim 49, wherein the plurality of heat  
2           sources comprise one or more microprocessors.

1    51.    (original) The system for heat exchange of claim 49, wherein the plurality of heat  
2           sources comprise the one or more pumps.

1    52.    (original) The system for heat exchange of claim 48, wherein the one or more fluid  
2           channel heat exchangers are further configured to cool a fluid in a heated state to a cooled  
3           state.

1    53.    (original) The system for heat exchange of claim 52, wherein the at least two fluid paths  
2           are configured to carry the fluid in the heated state from the plurality of heat sources and  
3           to carry the fluid in the cooled state to the plurality of heat sources.

1    54.    (original) The system of claim 48, wherein the at least two separate fluid paths are  
2           parallel.

1    55.    (original) The system of claim 48, wherein the at least two separate fluid paths are in a  
2           serpentine configuration.

1    56.    (original) The system of claim 48, wherein the fluid is selected from one of a liquid and  
2           a combination of a liquid and a vapor.

1    57.    (previously presented) A method of manufacturing a flat plate heat exchanger

2 comprising:

- 3 a. machining fluid channels into each of two plate halves;
- 4 b. soldering fins onto each of the two plate halves;
- 5 c. nickle plating the fluid channels; and
- 6 d. coupling the two halves such that the fluid channels of each of the two plate
- 7 halves mate and form a leakproof fluid path.

1 58. (original) The method of claim 57, wherein the two halves are coupled by a soldering  
2 method.

1 59. (original) The method of claim 58, wherein the soldering method comprises utilizing a  
2 solder paste applied by stencil screen printing onto each of the two plate halves to form a  
3 bonding interface resulting in a hermetic seal.

1 60. (original) The method of claim 58, wherein the soldering method comprises a step  
2 soldering process for multiple soldering operations.

1 61. (original) The method of claim 57, wherein the two halves are coupled by an epoxy.

1 62. (previously presented) A method for manufacturing a flat plate heat exchanger  
2 comprising:

- 3 a. manufacturing a first finned extrusion;
- 4 b. manufacturing a second finned extrusion;
- 5 c. machining complementary fluid channels onto the first and second finned
- 6 extrusions; and
- 7 d. coupling the first finned extrusion to the second finned extrusion by a method
- 8 from a group consisting of eutectic bonding, adhesive bonding, brazing, welding,
- 9 soldering, and epoxy such that the fluid channels of the first and second finned
- 10 extrusions mate and form a leakproof fluid path.

1 63. (original) The method of claim 62, wherein the first finned extrusion is coupled to the  
2 second finned extrusion by a soldering method.

1 64. (original) The method of claim 63, wherein the soldering method comprises utilizing a

2 solder paste applied by stencil screen printing onto each of the first and second finned  
3 extrusions to form a bonding interface resulting in a hermetic seal.

1 65. (original) The method of claim 63, wherein the soldering method comprises a step  
2 soldering process for multiple soldering operations.

1 66. (original) The method of claim 62, wherein the first finned extrusion is coupled to the  
2 second finned extrusion by an epoxy.

1 67. (previously presented) A method for manufacturing a flat plate heat exchanger  
2 comprising:  
3 a. manufacturing a first finned halve by a skiving method;  
4 b. manufacturing a second finned halve by a skiving method;  
5 c. machining complementary fluid channels onto the first and second finned halves;  
6 and  
7 d. coupling the first finned halve to the second finned halve such that the fluid  
8 channels of the first and second finned halves mate and form a leakproof fluid  
9 path.

1 68. (original) The method of claim 67, wherein the two finned halves are coupled by a  
2 soldering method.

1 69. (original) The method of claim 68, wherein the soldering method comprises utilizing a  
2 solder paste applied by stencil screen printing onto each of the first and second finned  
3 halves to form a bonding interface resulting in a hermetic seal.

1 70. (original) The method of claim 68, wherein the soldering method comprises a step  
2 soldering process for multiple soldering operations.

1 71. (original) The method of claim 67, wherein the two finned halves are coupled by an  
2 epoxy.

1 72. (currently amended) A device for fluid cooled channeled heat exchange comprising:  
2 a. a flat plate heat exchanger, wherein the flat plate heat exchanger comprises a top



3 plate and a base plate coupled together;  
4 b. a first plurality of fins coupled to the top plate; and  
5 c. a second plurality of fins coupled to the base plate;  
6 wherein the base plate comprises:  
7 i. fluid inlet configured to receive flow of a fluid in a heated state  
8 therethrough;  
9 ii. a plurality of non-uniform channels coupled to the fluid inlet and  
10 configured to receive and to cool the fluid; and  
11 iii. a fluid outlet coupled to the plurality of channels and configured to receive  
12 the cooled fluid and to allow the cooled fluid to exit the device;  
13 wherein the first plurality of fins are coupled to the top plate and the second plurality of  
14 fins are coupled to the base plate by a method from a group consisting of eutectic  
15 bonding, adhesive bonding, brazing, welding, soldering, and epoxy.